# Leveraging Passkeys in Regulated Markets







## Rolf Lindemann

VP Products

Nok Nok



# Passkeys surface the realities of believed truths...



# **FIDO Passkeys**



0

0

0



#### **Device-Bound Credentials**



#### **Synced Passkeys**



# Regulatory Requirements



0

0

#### **Authentication "Factors" or "Elements"**



#### **Authentication "Factors" or "Elements"**



### **Regulatory Authentication Requirements**

#### **PSD2 RTS Article 4**

"...authentication shall be based on **two or more elements** which are categorised as knowledge, possession and inherence and shall result in the generation of an authentication code."

#### SP 800 63 v4 (IPD), sec 4.2

At AAL 2: "Proof of possession and control of **two distinct authentication factors** is

required through secure authentication protocols"



### **Regulatory Authentication Requirements**

#### **PSD2 RTS Article 4**

"...authentication shall be based on **two or more elements** which are categorised as knowledge, possession and inherence and shall result in the generation of an authentication code."

#### PSD2 RTS (6)

"...security features for the elements of strong customer authentication categorised as knowledge (something only the user knows) [...] ensure that those elements are independent, so that the breach of one does not compromise the reliability of the others [...]"

#### SP 800 63 v4 (IPD), sec 4.2

At AAL 2: "Proof of possession and control of two distinct authentication factors is required through secure authentication protocols"

#### SP 800 63 v4 (IPD), sec 5.1.1

"A Memorized Secret authenticator—commonly referred to as a password or, if numeric, a PIN — is a secret value intended to be **chosen and memorized by the user.** [...] A memorized secret is something you know."

entiverse

### **But in Practice...**

- In 62% of the cases, the password is written down, so a "Look-Up Secret"
- Only in 30% of the cases, the password is a "knowledge factor"
- ... and I don't even know most of my passwords...

Source: https://www.passwordmanager.com/password-manager-trust-survey/



### Yet still ...

Using password managers reduces risk.

#### **Identity Theft Rate:**

- No Password Manager: 35%
- Password Manager (used correctly): 12%

Source: https://www.passwordmanager.com/password-manager-trust-survey/











### **Summary #1:**

The Reality: We cannot rely on passwords being a "Knowledge Factor" and independent from any "Possession Factor"

- Stored passwords = possession factor
- **SMS OTP** = possession factor

#### 2X possession factor on same device







# Passkeys in Regulated Markets





### **Device-Bound Passkeys**



🕥 identiverse<sup>,</sup>

#### **Device-Bound Passkeys**







### What does that mean?

#### **Advantages**

- Reduced complexity for the relying party
- Only one action per user per device not one per device and relying party

#### Challenges

- Regulated entities are responsible for handling device additions
- Regulated entities need to <u>enforce security</u> when adding new device



# Meeting Regulatory Requirements with Passkeys

**identiverse** 

### **Adding New Devices**

- Exercise passkey on new device plus
  - Send SMS-OTP or
  - Out-of-Band using existing device (e.g., scan QR) or
  - FIDO Cross-Device (CTAP hybrid) or
  - Remote ID Proofing (e.g., Selfie+Picture ID)





### **Adding Device Binding to Passkeys (1)**



#### **Adding Device Binding to Passkeys (2)**



### Summary

- Passkeys provide better security than passwords!
  - Even if you change nothing else, you will improve your security!
- Passkeys make it easier for users to use multiple devices
- Synced passkeys <u>can be augmented</u> to implement strong device binding as required for regulated markets

No need to wait!



# THANK YOU!

rolf@noknok.com

